

0. Jazz are 3-0!

Lecture 19 Announcements

1. **CAUTION:** Starting with HW 15 (due tomorrow), some of your HW answers will need to be written in **scientific notation**. For example, if the answer range says

$$1.00 \times 10^5, 3.00 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

and you get 2.57×10^5 Pa as your answer...

$$2.5683E5$$

then you should type in the answer as **2.57E5**.

$$\text{or } 2.57E-5$$

No spaces, no "x"s!

If you put any spaces or x's in your answer, the computer will mark it wrong. (and I won't give

2. Exam 3 going on...

100 students taken

median 80%

Ave time 2 hrs 8 mins

Sympathy since you've now
been warned...)

3. Afternoon orbiter people: I'm still missing 2 names!

Solids

Hookes Law $F = k \Delta x$

Like springs?

a. Amount of stretch proportional to force

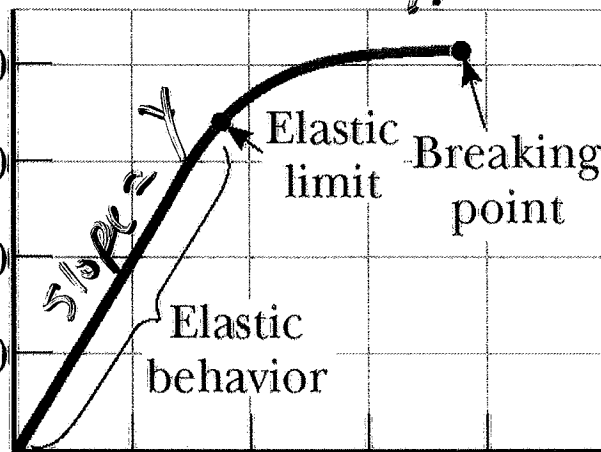
Video: stretched wire

- "Stress" = ... $F / \text{cross-section area}$

- "Strain" = ... $\Delta L / L$

b. Elastic limit

Stress (MPa)



Strain

0 0.002 0.004 0.006 0.008 0.01

max stress =

stress = $\frac{F}{A}$ strain $\frac{\Delta L}{L}$
Young's modulus

$$F = \left(\frac{YA}{L} \right) \Delta L$$

"Young's modulus"

→ a type of spring constant

Compressibility

Solids vs. Liquids vs. Gases

incompressible

compressible $PV = nRT$

Pressure vs depth in a fluid

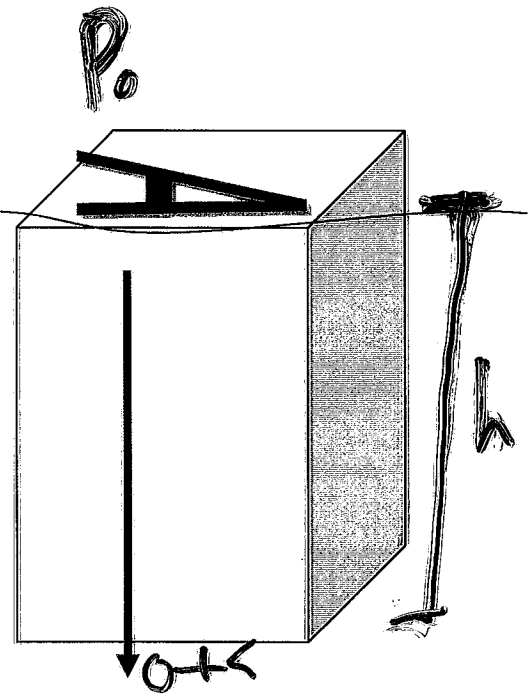
Weight of water above some area A at a depth of h .

$$\begin{aligned}w &= mg \\&= (\rho V)g \\&= \rho(Ah)g \\w/A &= \rho gh\end{aligned}$$

Pressure at h : (Include the pressure on the top of the fluid).

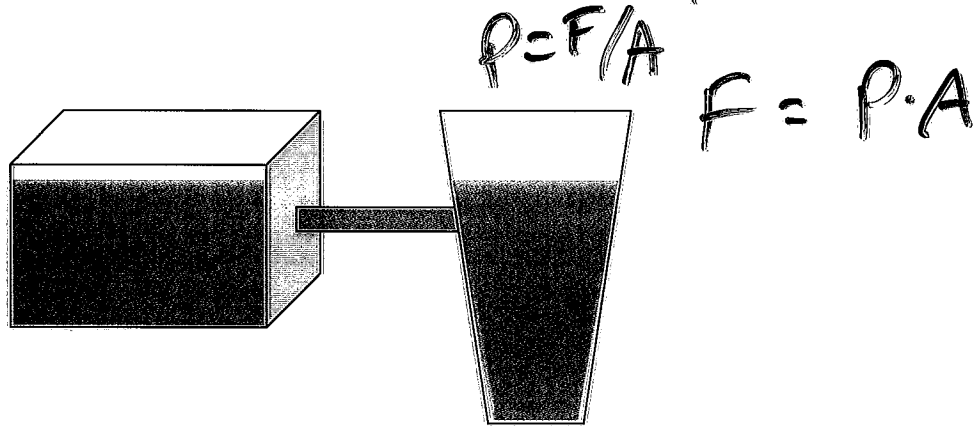
$$P = P_0 + \rho gh$$

Videos: pressure vs depth, pressure pushes on all sides!

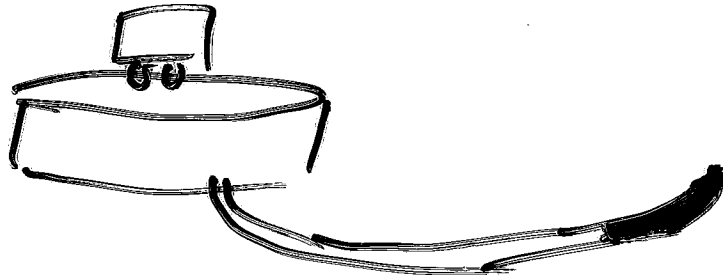


Pascal's principle: For a fluid at rest, the pressure in the fluid depends only on the depth, not the shape of the (open) container.

All parts of fluid at same depth have same pressure



Demos: fluid levels; mechanical advantage; hydraulic “force amplification”



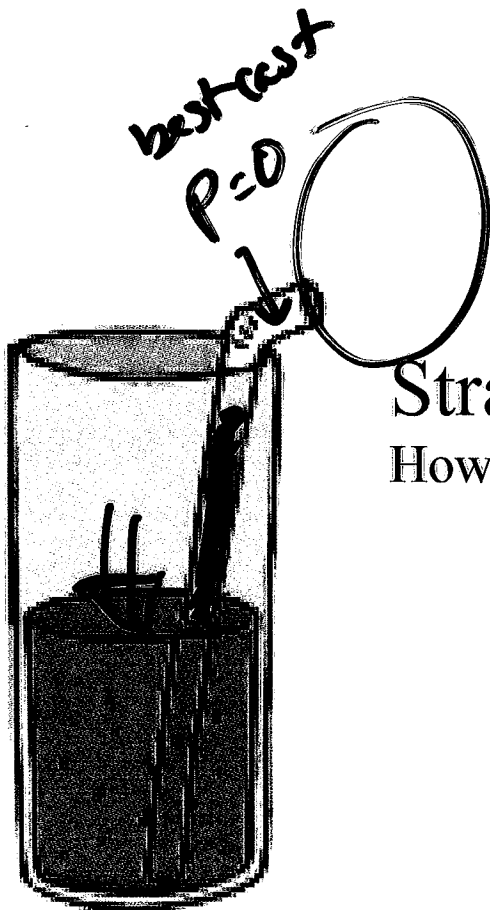
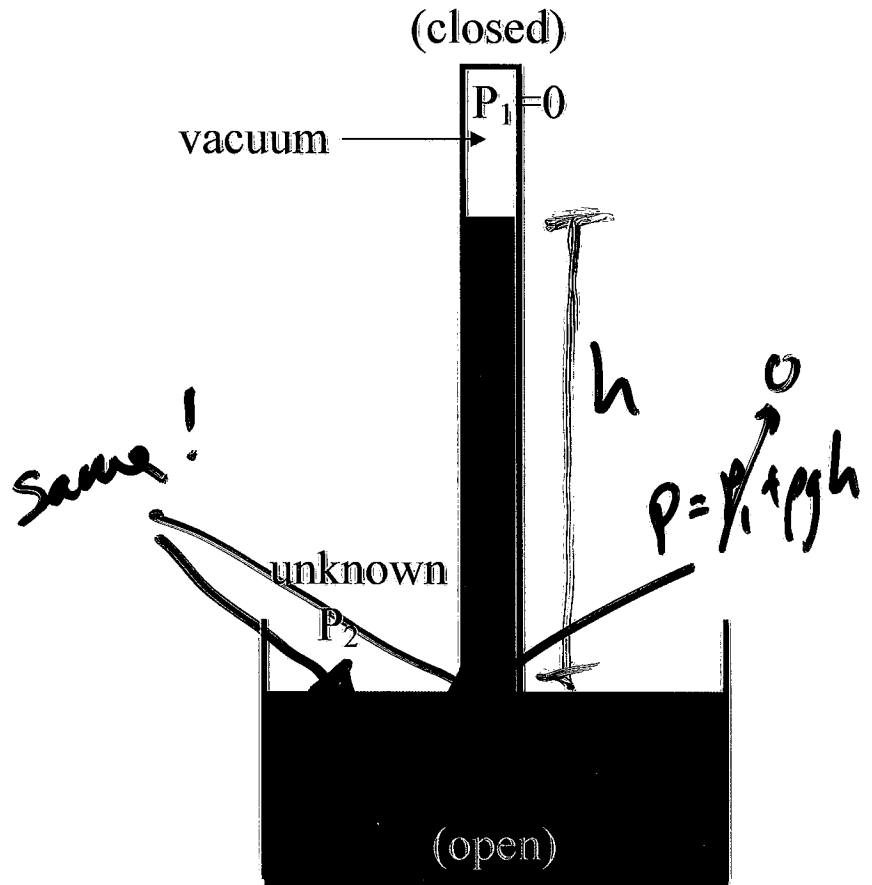
Absolute vs gauge pressure

Gauge pressure is: the pressure a gauge reads

Barometers

How to read?

$$P_2 = \rho g h$$



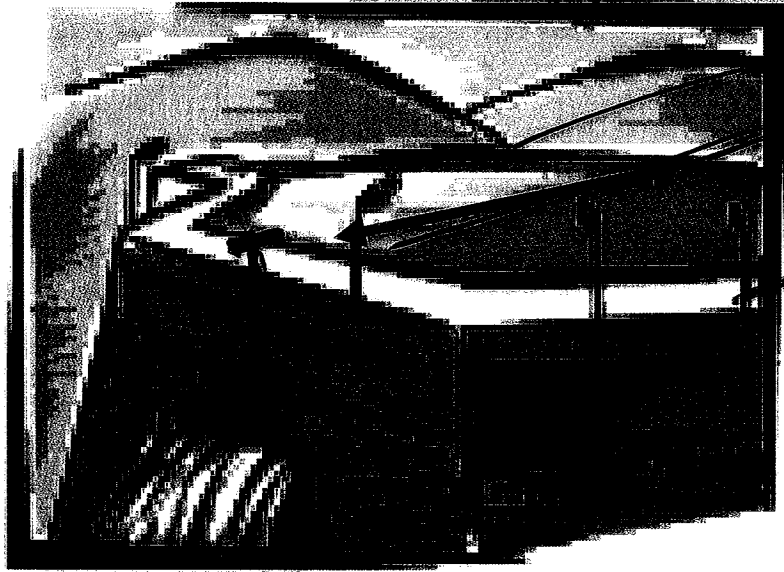
Straws:

How high can we lift water with a vacuum?

$$1 \text{ atm} = (1000)(9.8) h$$

$$\underline{1.01 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa}}$$

$$\underline{h = 10 \text{ m}}$$



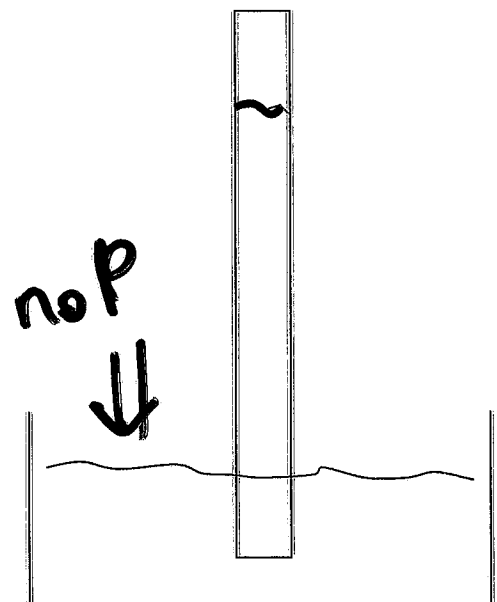
Clicker quiz: For a longer canyon behind the dam (red arrow length), the dam...

- a. can be weaker
- b. must be stronger
- c. can be the same.

Pressure only depends on depth!

Clicker quiz: On the moon, where gravity is less but there is no atmosphere, if you pumped out the air at the top of a barometer, the mercury would rise _____ compared to on earth.

- a. higher
- b. lower
- c. the same
- d. not at all



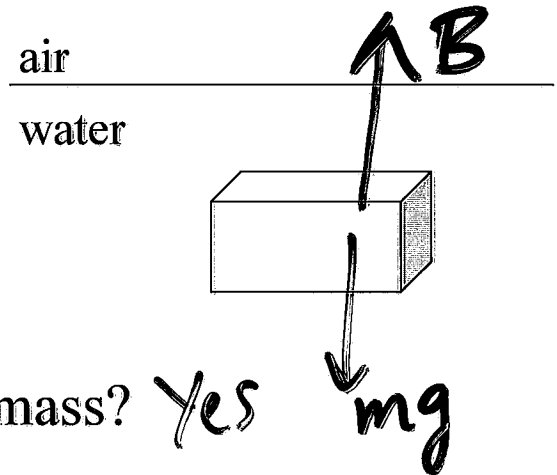
Buoyancy

Water in a rectangular plastic bag...

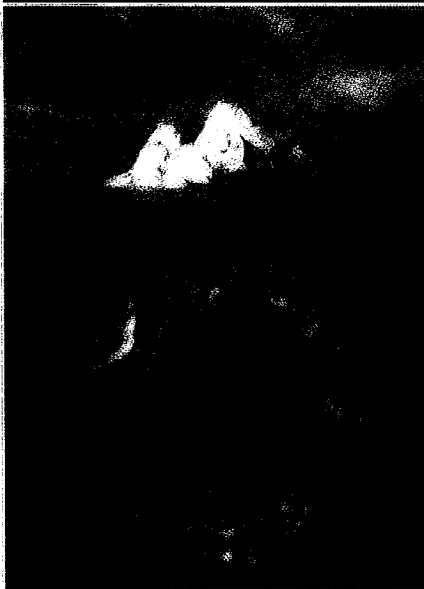
Does the water inside the bag have mass? *Yes*

Does the water inside the bag have weight? *Yes*

Why doesn't it accelerate down? $B = mg$



Archimedes' Principle The buoyant force equals the weight of the fluid that the object is displacing at the moment.



$$B = F_B = m_{\text{displaced fluid}} \times g \\ = \rho_{\text{fluid}} V_{\text{object}} g$$

Demos: Coke and other objects in tank
Does aluminum sink or float?

Objects will **sink** if

~~$B > W$~~ $W > B$

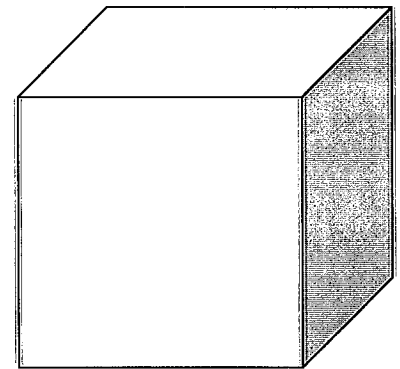
Objects will **float** if

$B_{max} > W$

Floating objects will rise out of the water until...

$B = W$

Three cubes of the same size are completely submerged under water: lead, steel and dense wood (ironwood).



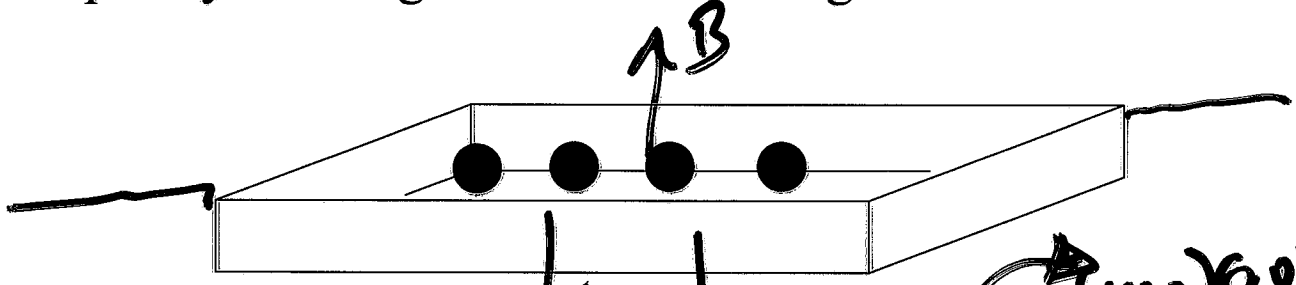
Clicker quiz: The bouyant force is greatest on the _____ cube

- a. lead
- b. steel
- c. wood
- d. same buoyant force

$B = \rho_A g V_{object}$

$$V = 15 \text{ m}^3$$

Worked Problem: A raft of wood of size $0.5\text{m} \times 6\text{m} \times 5\text{m}$ weighs $30,000 \text{ N}$. It is loaded with cannon balls until it is (barely ~~not~~) ~~completely~~ submerged. How much weight was loaded?



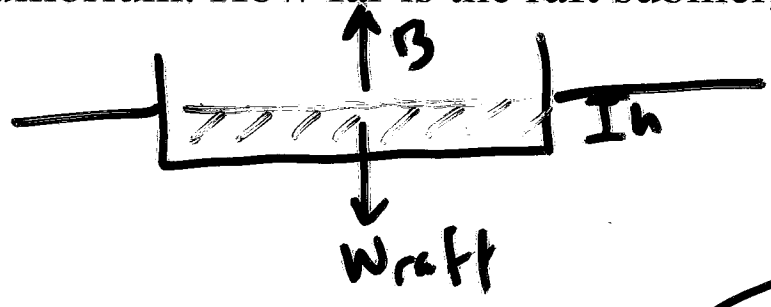
$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$B - W_{\text{raft}} - W_{\text{balls}} = 0$$

$$W_{\text{balls}} = B - W_{\text{raft}}$$

$$= (1000)(9.8)(15) - 30000 = 117000 \text{ N}$$

Additional part: the balls are unloaded, and the raft now sits at equilibrium. How far is the raft submerged?



$$B - W_{\text{raft}} = 0$$

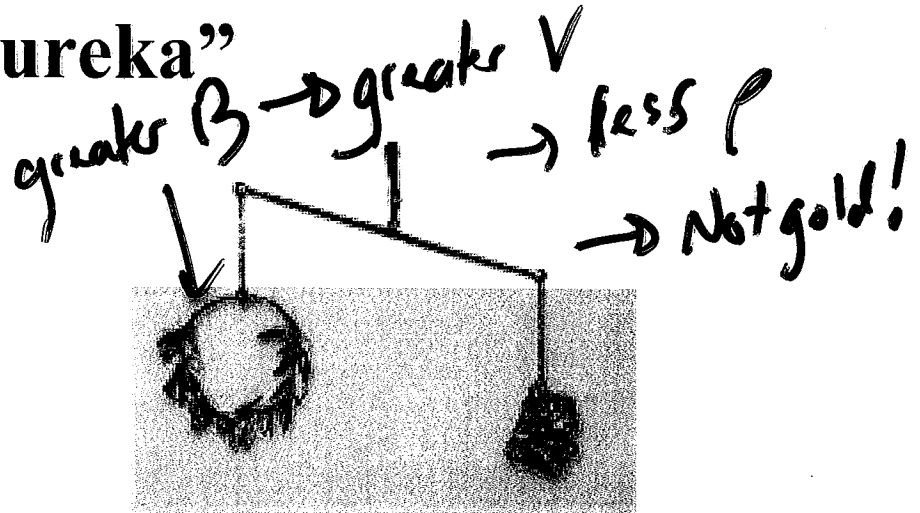
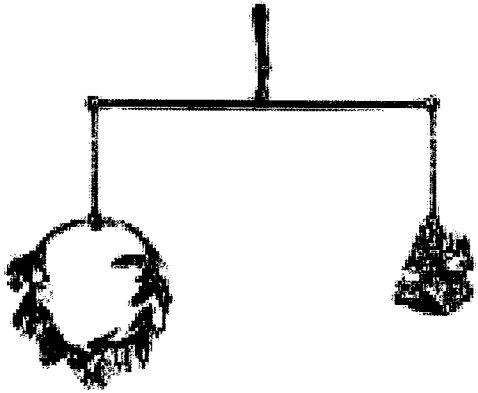
$$B = W_{\text{raft}}$$

$$(1000)(9.8)(6 \times 5 \times h) = 30000$$

$$h = .102 \text{ m}$$

Answers: $117,000 \text{ N}$; 10.2 cm

Archimedes: "Eureka"



Archimedes was charged with determining if a crown was pure gold. One method he may have used: he balanced the crown with pure gold outside water. After immersing, the balance tipped as shown.

Clicker quiz: The crown has density

- a. more than gold
- b. less than gold
- c. same as than gold