

Physics 471 Formula Sheet (28 Feb 2025)

$$\begin{aligned} c &= 2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s} & h &= 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s} \\ k_B &= 1.381 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} & N_A &= 6.022 \times 10^{23} \\ m_{elec} &= 9.109 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg} & e &= 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} \\ \varepsilon_0 &= 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2 \\ \mu_0 &= 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}/\text{A} & \sigma &= 5.670 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2\cdot\text{K}^4 \end{aligned}$$

General E&M

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} &= \rho/\varepsilon_0 \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{E} &= -\partial \mathbf{B}/\partial t \\ \nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} &= 0 \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{B} &= \mu_0 \mathbf{J} + \mu_0 \varepsilon_0 \partial \mathbf{E}/\partial t \\ \nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} &= \rho_{free} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \times \mathbf{H} &= \mathbf{J}_{free} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} \\ \nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} &= -\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} \\ \mathbf{D} &= \varepsilon_0 \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{P}, \quad \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r \mathbf{E} \text{ for linear isotropic} \\ \mathbf{H} &= \frac{\mathbf{B}}{\mu_0} - \mathbf{M}, \quad \frac{\mathbf{B}}{\mu_0 \mu_r} \text{ for linear isotropic} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \varepsilon_0 \chi \mathbf{E} \text{ for linear isotropic}$$

$$\varepsilon_r = 1 + \chi \text{ for linear isotropic}$$

$$\rho = \rho_{free} + \rho_{bound} \quad \rho_{bound} = -\nabla \cdot \mathbf{P}$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{J}_{free} + \mathbf{J}_{bound} + \mathbf{J}_{polar} \quad \mathbf{J}_{bound} = \nabla \times \mathbf{M} \quad \mathbf{J}_{polar} = \partial \mathbf{P} / \partial t$$

$$\nabla^2 E - \varepsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{E}}{\partial t^2} = \mu_0 \frac{\partial \mathbf{J}_{free}}{\partial t} + \mu_0 \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{P}}{\partial t^2} - \frac{1}{\varepsilon_0} \nabla (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{P})$$

$$\text{Plane wave: } \tilde{\mathbf{E}} = \tilde{\mathbf{E}}_0 e^{i(\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$\tilde{\varepsilon}_r = \tilde{n}^2 \quad \frac{\omega}{k} = \frac{c}{n} \quad \tilde{k} = \frac{\omega}{c} \tilde{n} \quad \lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k_{real}} \quad \delta = \frac{1}{k_{imag}}$$

Lorentz Model

$$\omega_p^2 = \frac{Nq^2}{m\varepsilon_0}$$

$$\chi = \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega_0^2 - \omega^2 - i\omega\gamma} \text{ (dielectrics)}$$

$$\chi = \frac{\omega_p^2}{-\omega^2 - i\omega\gamma} \text{ (metals)}$$

Poynting

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{S} + \frac{\partial u_{field}}{\partial t} = -\frac{\partial u_{medium}}{\partial t}$$

$$\mathbf{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} (\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B})$$

$$u_{field} = \frac{\varepsilon_0}{2} E^2 + \frac{1}{2\mu_0} B^2$$

$$\frac{\partial u_{medium}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{J}$$

$$I(t) = \langle S(t) \rangle = \frac{1}{2} n \varepsilon_0 c E(t)^2$$

Fresnel Eqs

$$\alpha = \frac{\cos \theta_2}{\cos \theta_1}, \quad \beta = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$r = \frac{\alpha - \beta}{\alpha + \beta}, \quad t = \frac{2}{\alpha + \beta} \quad (\text{p-polar})$$

$$r = \frac{1 - \alpha\beta}{1 + \alpha\beta}, \quad t = \frac{2}{1 + \alpha\beta} \quad (\text{s-polar})$$

$$R = |r|^2, \quad T = \alpha\beta|t|^2$$

Two Interfaces

$$t_{tot} = \frac{t_{01}t_{12}}{\exp(-ik_1 d \cos \theta_1) - r_{10}r_{12} \exp(ik_1 d \cos \theta_1)}$$

$$T_{tot} = \frac{n_2 \cos \theta_2}{n_0 \cos \theta_1} \frac{|t_{01}|^2 |t_{12}|^2}{|1 - r_{10}r_{12} \exp(ik_1 d \cos \theta_1)|^2}$$

$$T_{tot} = \alpha_{02}\beta_{02}|t_{02}|^2 = \frac{T_{max}}{1 + F \sin^2 \Phi/2}$$

$$T_{max} = \frac{T_{01}t_{12}}{(1 - \sqrt{R_{10}R_{12}})^2}$$

$$F = \frac{4|r_{10}||r_{12}|}{(1 - |r_{10}||r_{12}|)^2}$$

$$\Phi = \phi_{10} + \phi_{12} + 2k_1 d \cos \theta_1$$

$$\Delta \Phi_{FWHM} = 4/\sqrt{F}$$

$$\Delta \lambda_{FWHM} = \frac{\lambda^2}{\pi n_1 d \cos \theta_1 \sqrt{F}}$$

$$\Delta \lambda_{FSR} = \frac{\lambda^2}{2n_1 d \cos \theta_1}$$

$$f = 2\pi/\Delta \Phi_{FWHM} = \Delta \lambda_{FSR}/\Delta \lambda_{FWHM} = \pi\sqrt{F}/2$$

Multilayers

$$t_{tot} = 1/a_{11}$$

$$r_{tot} = a_{21}/a_{11}$$

$$\beta_j = k_j \ell_j \cos \theta_j$$

p-polar:

$$\begin{aligned} M_j &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos \beta_j & -\frac{i \sin \beta_j \cos \theta_j}{n_j} \\ -\frac{i n_j \sin \beta_j}{\cos \theta_j} & \cos \beta_j \end{pmatrix} \\ A &= \frac{1}{2n_0 \cos \theta_0} \begin{pmatrix} n_0 & \cos \theta_0 \\ n_0 & -\cos \theta_0 \end{pmatrix} \times \\ &\quad (\prod_{j=1}^N M_j) \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_{N+1} & 0 \\ n_{N+1} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

s-polar:

$$\begin{aligned} M_j &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos \beta_j & -\frac{i \sin \beta_j}{n_j \cos \theta_j} \\ -i n_j \sin \beta_j \cos \theta_j & \cos \beta_j \end{pmatrix} \\ A &= \frac{1}{2n_0 \cos \theta_0} \begin{pmatrix} n_0 \cos \theta_0 & 1 \\ n_0 \cos \theta_0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \times \\ &\quad (\prod_{j=1}^N M_j) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ n_{N+1} \cos \theta_{N+1} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Crystals

$$\frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{u_x^2}{n_x^2 - n_x^2} + \frac{u_y^2}{n_y^2 - n_y^2} + \frac{u_z^2}{n_z^2 - n_z^2}$$

Biaxial:

$$\cos \theta = \pm \frac{n_x}{n_y} \sqrt{\frac{n_z^2 - n_y^2}{n_z^2 - n_x^2}} \text{ (optic axes dirs.)}$$

Uniaxial:

$$n = n_o, \quad n = \frac{n_o n_e}{\sqrt{n_o^2 \sin^2 \theta_2 + n_e^2 \cos^2 \theta_2}}$$

p-polar, optic axis \perp to surface:

$$\begin{aligned} \tan \theta_2 &= \frac{n_e}{n_o} \frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sqrt{n_e^2 - \sin^2 \theta_1}} \\ \tan \theta_s &= \frac{n_o}{n_e} \frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sqrt{n_e^2 - \sin^2 \theta_1}} \end{aligned}$$

Polarization

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Fourier, Delta, Convolution

$$f(\omega) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{i\omega t} dt$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\omega) e^{-i\omega t} d\omega$$

$$I(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} n \varepsilon_0 c |E(\omega)|^2$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} I(t) dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} I(\omega) d\omega$$

$$\delta(t - t_0) \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-i\omega(t-t_0)} d\omega$$

$$a(t) \otimes b(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} a(t') b(t-t') dt'$$

$$FT\{a(t) \otimes b(t)\} = \sqrt{2\pi} FT\{a(t)\} \cdot FT\{b(t)\}$$

$$FT\{a(t) \cdot b(t)\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} FT\{a(t)\} \otimes FT\{b(t)\}$$

$$\text{Two deltas: } FT = \sqrt{2/\pi} \cos(kd/2)$$

$$\text{Comb function (odd } N \text{ deltas): } FT = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{\sin Nkd/2}{\sin kd/2}$$

$$FT\{E_0 e^{-t^2/(2T^2)} e^{-i\omega_0 t}\} = E_0 T e^{-T^2(\omega - \omega_0)^2/2}$$

Linear dispersion

$$v_g \approx \left(\frac{d}{d\omega} k_{real} \Big|_{\omega=\omega_0} \right)^{-1}$$

$$t' \approx \frac{d}{d\omega} k_{real} \Big|_{\omega=\omega_0} \cdot \Delta \tau$$

$$I \sim e^{-2k_{\text{imag}}(\omega_0) \cdot \Delta \tau} |E(t - t', \mathbf{r}_0)|^2$$

Quadratic dispersion

$$k = k_0 + \frac{1}{v_g} (\omega - \omega_0) + \alpha(\omega - \omega_0)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{v_g} = \frac{1}{c} (n' \omega + n) \Big|_{\omega=\omega_0}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2c} (n'' \omega + 2n') \Big|_{\omega=\omega_0}$$

Gaussian wavepacket, through thickness z :

$$\Phi = 2az/T^2$$

$$\tilde{T} = T\sqrt{1 + \Phi^2}$$

$$E(t, z) = \frac{E_0 e^{i(kz - \omega_0 t)}}{(1 + \Phi^2)^{1/4}} \exp \left(\frac{i}{2} \tan^{-1} \Phi - \frac{i}{2} \frac{\Phi}{\tilde{T}^2} \left(t - \frac{z}{v_g} \right)^2 \right) \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2\tilde{T}^2} \left(t - \frac{z}{v_g} \right)^2 \right)$$

Michelson, Temporal Coherence

$$\text{Single } \omega: I_{det}(\tau) = 2I_0(1 + \cos \omega \tau)$$

Band of ω 's:

$$\varepsilon = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} I(\omega) d\omega$$

$$\gamma(\tau) = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} I(\omega) e^{-i\omega\tau} d\omega$$

$$\text{Sig}(\tau) \sim 2\varepsilon(1 + \text{Re } \gamma(\tau))$$

$$V(\tau) = \text{visibility} = |\gamma(\tau)|$$

$$\tau_c = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |\gamma(\tau)|^2 d\tau$$

$$FT(\text{Sig}(\tau)) \sim 2\varepsilon_0 \delta(\omega) + I(\omega) + I(-\omega)$$

$$\text{Rays: } \nabla R(\mathbf{r}) = n(\mathbf{r}) \hat{s}(\mathbf{r})$$

ABCD Matrices

$$\text{Translation: } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & d \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Flat surface refraction: } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & n_1/n_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Curved surface refraction:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{R}(n_1/n_2 - 1) & n_1/n_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R = + \text{ for convex, } - \text{ for concave}$$

$$\text{Spherical mirror/thin lens: } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1/f & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_{lens} = ((n_2/n_1 - 1)(1/R_1 - 1/R_2))^{-1};$$

$$R = + \text{ for curving like "(, - for curving like ")"}$$

$$f_{mirror} = R/2; \quad R = + \text{ for curving like ")"}$$

Compound system, general properties:

$$B = 0 \text{ (image formation)}$$

$$A = \text{magnification}$$

ABCD of d_o , then an optic, then d_i :

$$\begin{pmatrix} A + d_i C & d_o A + B + d_o d_i C + d_i D \\ C & d_o C + D \end{pmatrix}$$

$$p_1 = (1 - D)/C, \quad p_2 = (1 - A)/C, \quad f = -1/C$$

$$\text{Cavity stability: } -1 < \frac{A+D}{2} < 1$$

Diffraction formulas

$$\text{Helmholtz Eq.: } \nabla^2 \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) = -k^2 \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\text{Huygens-Fresnel: } E(x, y, z) =$$

$$-\frac{i}{\lambda} \iint_{\text{aper}} E(x', y', 0) \frac{e^{ikR}}{R} dx' dy'$$

$$\text{Fresnel-Kirchhoff: } E(x, y, z) =$$

$$-\frac{i}{\lambda} \iint_{\text{aper}} E(x', y', 0) \frac{e^{ikR}}{R} \frac{(1+\cos(kR, z))}{2} dx' dy'$$

$$\text{Fresnel: } E(x, y, z) = -\frac{ie^{ikz} e^{ik(x^2+y^2)/2z}}{\lambda z} \times$$

$$\iint_{\text{aper}} E(x', y', 0) e^{ik(x'^2+y'^2)/2z} e^{-ik(xx'+yy')/z} dx' dy'$$

$$I = I_0 |2d \text{ FT of aperture function}|^2$$

$$\text{Single slit: } FT = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} a \text{ sinc}(k_x a/2)$$

$$\text{Rectang.: } FT = \frac{1}{2\pi} ab \text{ sinc}(k_x a/2) \text{ sinc}(k_y b/2)$$

$$\text{Double: } FT = \sqrt{2/\pi} a \text{ sinc}(k_x a/2) \cos(k_y d/2)$$

$$\text{Top hat: } FT = \frac{a^2}{2} \frac{2 J_1(k_\rho a)}{k_\rho a} = \frac{a^2}{2} \text{ jinc}(k_\rho a)$$

$$k_x = kX/z, \quad k_y = kY/z, \quad k_\rho = k\rho/z$$

$$\text{Spectrometer: } \lambda = \frac{xh}{mz}, \quad \Delta \lambda = \frac{\lambda}{mN}$$

$$\text{Rayleigh: } \theta_{min} \approx \frac{1.22\lambda}{D}$$

Polarization: Jones and Stokes

LIGHT	Jones	Stokes
unpolar	n/a	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
Horiz linear	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
Vert linear	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
45° linear	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
-45° linear	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
Linear at θ	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \cos 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
RCP	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
LCP	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ i \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$
Elliptical	$\begin{pmatrix} A \\ Be^{i\delta} \end{pmatrix}$ with $A^2 + B^2 = 1$	$\frac{1}{E_0^2} \begin{pmatrix} E_0^2 & E_{0x}^2 - E_{0y}^2 \\ E_{0x}^2 - E_{0y}^2 & 2E_{0x}E_{0y} \cos \delta \\ 2E_{0x}E_{0y} \cos \delta & 2E_{0x}E_{0y} \sin \delta \end{pmatrix}$ δ is the phase shift of vert relative to horiz

Jones:

$$\text{Angle of elliptical: } \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2AB \cos \delta}{A^2 - B^2} \right)$$

$$E_\alpha = |E_{eff}| \times \sqrt{A^2 \cos^2 \alpha + B^2 \sin^2 \alpha + AB \cos \delta \sin 2\alpha}$$

$$E_{\alpha \pm 90^\circ} = |E_{eff}| \times \sqrt{A^2 \sin^2 \alpha + B^2 \cos^2 \alpha - AB \cos \delta \sin 2\alpha}$$

Stokes:

$$\text{Amount polarized: } \sqrt{S_1^2 + S_2^2 + S_3^2}$$

$$\text{Amount unpolarized: } S_0 - \sqrt{S_1^2 + S_2^2 + S_3^2}$$

$$\text{Deg of polarization} = \frac{\sqrt{S_1^2 + S_2^2 + S_3^2}}{S_0}$$

OPTIC	Jones	Mueller (Stokes)
Horiz linear polar	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
Vert linear polar	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
45° linear polar	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
-45° linear polar	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
angle θ linear polar	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \theta & \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \cos \theta & \sin^2 \theta \end{pmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \cos 2\theta & \sin 2\theta & 0 \\ \cos 2\theta & \cos^2 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \sin 2\theta & 0 \\ \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \sin 2\theta & \sin^2 2\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
$\lambda/4$ fast axis horiz	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & i \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
$\lambda/4$ fast axis vert	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -i \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
$\lambda/4$ fast axis 45°	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1+i & 1-i \\ 1-i & 1+i \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
$\lambda/4$ fast axis angle θ	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \theta + i \sin^2 \theta & (1-i) \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ (1-i) \sin \theta \cos \theta & \sin^2 \theta + i \cos^2 \theta \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos^2 2\theta & \frac{1}{2} \sin 4\theta & -\sin 2\theta \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \sin 4\theta & \sin^2 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \\ 0 & \sin 2\theta & -\cos 2\theta & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
$\lambda/2$ fast axis horiz	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
$\lambda/2$ fast axis vert	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
$\lambda/2$ fast axis at θ	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos 2\theta & \sin 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta & -\cos 2\theta \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos 4\theta & \sin 4\theta & 0 \\ 0 & \sin 4\theta & -\cos 4\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
Reflect	$\begin{pmatrix} -r_p & 0 \\ 0 & r_s \end{pmatrix}$	(not worrying about)
Transmit	$\begin{pmatrix} t_p & 0 \\ 0 & t_s \end{pmatrix}$	(not worrying about)
Rotation	$R = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$ $M_{\text{element with axis at angle}} = RM_{\text{element with horizontal axis}}R^{-1}$	$R = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta & 0 \\ 0 & \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $M_{\text{element with axis at angle}} = RM_{\text{element with horizontal axis}}R^{-1}$